

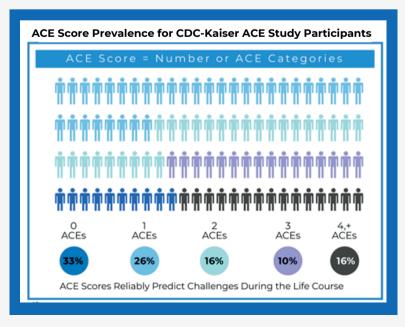
Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs)

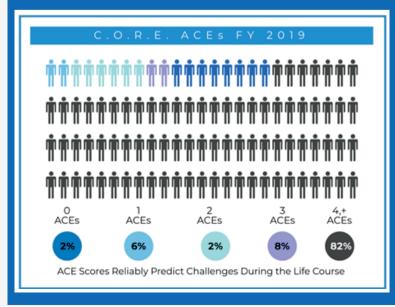


The Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE) Study is one of the largest investigations of the link between childhood maltreatment and health and well-being later in life. Using data from 17,000 participants, the study which was conducted by the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) and Kaiser Permanente, demonstrates that trauma and adverse experiences during childhood are major risk factors for the leading causes of illness and death in United States, as well as for poor quality of life.

Household Dysfunction		Neglect		Abuse	
Substance Abuse	27%	Emotional	15%	Emotional	11%
Parental Separation/Divorce	23%	Physical	10%	Physical	289
Mental Illness	17%			Sexual	21%
Battered Mothers	13%				
Criminal Behavior	6%				
5		2		3	

ACE scores of 50 CORE Residents from FY 2019 were evaluated, showing an alarming number of ACES for youth served in the residential program. Of the youth reviewed 82% identified as having 4 or more ACEs, as compared to 16% in the original study.







OUTCOMES



Williamson County Juvenile Services is proud to be a TBRI® Ambassador Organization. TBRI®, or Trust-based Relational Intervention, is an attachment based, trauma-informed intervention designed to meet the complex needs of children and families who have experienced adversity, early harm, toxic stress, or trauma. TBRI® Ambassador Organizations partner with TCU's Karyn Purvis Institute of Child Development (KPICD) in our mission of bringing hope and healing to vulnerable children worldwide. These organizations have a relationship rooted in mutual trust and connection with the KPICD, and actively cultivate a TBRI® culture within their organization, from top leadership to the clients they serve. TBRI® Ambassador organizations have been thoroughly vetted throughout their TBRI® implementation process and are committed to partnering with KPICD through influencing systems of care and practice.

Residential Services

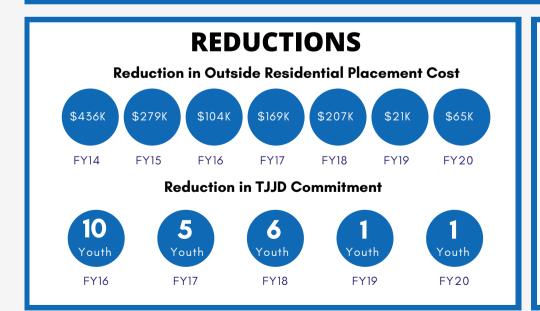
Six month follow-up: Comparison after TBRI® Implementation CORE Residential (trauma-informed) vs. Academy (military structure)

43%
Decrease in youth grievances filed

93%
Decrease in suicide watches

31%
Decrease in physical restraints

Increase in completion of program



Field Services

Cases returned to Court for Violation of Probation

- FY16 86 cases
- FY17 60 cases
- FY18 46 cases
- FY19 26 cases
- FY20 21 cases

